



Q. Which of the following statement is not true with respect to the West Nile Virus (WNV)?

- a** It is a flavi-virus related to the viruses that cause that cause yellow fever.
- b** It is a disease listed in the World Organisation for Animal Health (WOAH) Terrestrial Animal Health Code.
- c** It can be transmitted from human to human.
- d** It cause a fatal neurological disease in humans.

Answer **c**

EXPLANATION

- Recently West Nile fever was detected in Kerala and the Kerala Health Department have issued guidelines to be followed in the Thrissur, Malappuram and Kozhikode districts of Kerala.
- Humans get West Nile Fever from the bite of an infected mosquito. The virus may be transmitted through contact with other infected animals, their blood, or other tissues. To date, no human-to-human transmission of WNV through casual contact has been documented.
- Usually, the West Nile virus causes no symptoms or only mild, flu-like symptoms. The virus can cause life-limiting illnesses, such as encephalitis, meningitis, or meningoencephalitis. There is no vaccine available to prevent West Nile Virus (WNV). So it's important to prevent mosquito bites.



Q. Pyrenees Mountains, recently seen in news, forms a natural border between -

a Germany & Switzerland

b Norway & Sweden

c Hungary & Romania

d Hungary & Romania

Answer d

EXPLANATION

- The Pyrenees form a high wall between France and Spain that has played a significant role in the history of both countries and of Europe as a whole. The range is some 270 miles (430 kilometres) long; it is barely six miles wide at its eastern end, but at its centre it reaches some 80 miles in width.**
- It stretches from the shores of the Mediterranean Sea on the east to the Bay of Biscay on the Atlantic Ocean on the west.**



Q. Consider the following statements :

- 1** Treaty of Sugauli led to the establishment of the Nepal's boundary line.
- 2** Tinsukia, Tezu and Kalapani are the border dispute regions between India and Nepal.

Which of the above statement(s) is/are correct?

- | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| a 1 Only | b 2 Only |
| c Both 1 and 2 | d Neither 1 nor 2 |

Answer **a**

EXPLANATION

- Recently Nepal government decided to put a map showing areas in India as part of its territory on a new currency note which has drawn a strong reaction from New Delhi. The dispute dates back to the Treaty of Sugauli in 1816 after the Anglo-Nepalese War, which defined the Kali River as Nepal's western boundary with British India.
- The Pithoragarh, Gunji, Nabhi, Kuti, Kalapani, Tulsi Nyurang and Nabhidang are the border dispute regions between India and Nepal. Tinsukia, Tezu and Hayuliang are places in Arunachal Pradesh.



Q. The 14th India and EU Counter-Terrorism Dialogue held at -

a New Delhi

b Brussels

c London

d Paris

Answer a

EXPLANATION

- European Union and India held their 14th Counter-Terrorism Dialogue on the 7th May in New Delhi.**
- The EU and India strongly condemned terrorism in all its forms and manifestations and emphasised the need for strengthening international cooperation in dealing with counter-terrorism challenges.**
- In this context, they agreed that cooperation in multilateral fora such as the United Nations and the Global Counter-terrorism Forum remained crucial.**



Q. World Migration Report has been published by -

- a World Bank**
- b International Monetary Fund**
- c UNESCO**
- d International Organization for Migration**

Answer d

EXPLANATION

- The International Organisation for Migration (IOM) recently released its World Migration Report 2024, which revealed that India's remittances surged to \$111 billion last year, surpassing all other nations.**
- The report highlighted that Mexico, China, the Philippines, and France were the other four nations in the top five remittance recipient countries, with India being the top country receiving remittances in 2010, 2015, 2020, and 2022, highlighting the importance of labour migration from the subregion.**